

## **Théorie de la synchronisation - Equation de Duffing**

### **Etude du régime transitoire - Oscillateur en avance critique sur l'excitation**

#### **Caractéristiques du système**

$$T := 0.2 \cdot s \quad \omega_0 := \frac{2 \cdot \pi}{T} \quad J := 8 \cdot 10^{-7} \cdot kg \cdot m^2 \quad q_0 := 270 \cdot deg$$

#### **Frottement visqueux**

$$\eta := 0.002 \quad C := 2 \cdot J \cdot \eta \cdot \omega_0 \quad F_{v\_max} := C \cdot \omega_0 \cdot q_0 \quad \lambda := \frac{F_{v\_max}}{J \cdot \omega_0^2} \quad h := 2 \cdot \frac{\eta}{\lambda}$$

$$F_{v\_max} = 0.015 N \cdot mm \quad \lambda = 0.019 \quad h = 0.212$$

#### **Frottement quadratique**

$$B := 0.05 \cdot F_{v\_max} \quad \beta_1 := \frac{B}{\lambda \cdot J \cdot \omega_0^2} \quad \beta_1 = 0.05 \quad F_{q\_max} := B \cdot q_0^3 \quad F_{q\_max} = 0.078 N \cdot mm$$

#### **Régimes transitoires vers un foyer attractif**

#### **Excitation harmonique**

$$A_c := \frac{8 \cdot h^3}{3 \sqrt{3}} \quad A_c = 0.015 \quad \boxed{A := .5 \cdot A_c} \quad A = 7.356 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$a_1 := \sqrt{\frac{4 \cdot A}{3 \cdot \beta_1}} \quad F_{harm} := a_1 \cdot (\lambda \cdot J \cdot \omega_0^2) \quad F_{harm} = 6.592 \times 10^{-6} N \cdot m$$

$$n := 500 \quad i := 0..n \quad x_0 := 0 \quad x_1 := 2 \cdot \pi \quad \Delta x := \frac{x_1 - x_0}{n} \quad x_i := x_0 + i \cdot \Delta x$$

$$Y_i := \frac{a_1}{h} \cdot \sin(x_i) \cdot (0 < x_i < \pi) \quad \varepsilon := \sqrt{3} \cdot h \quad \sqrt{3} = 1.732 \quad \boxed{\varepsilon = 0.368}$$

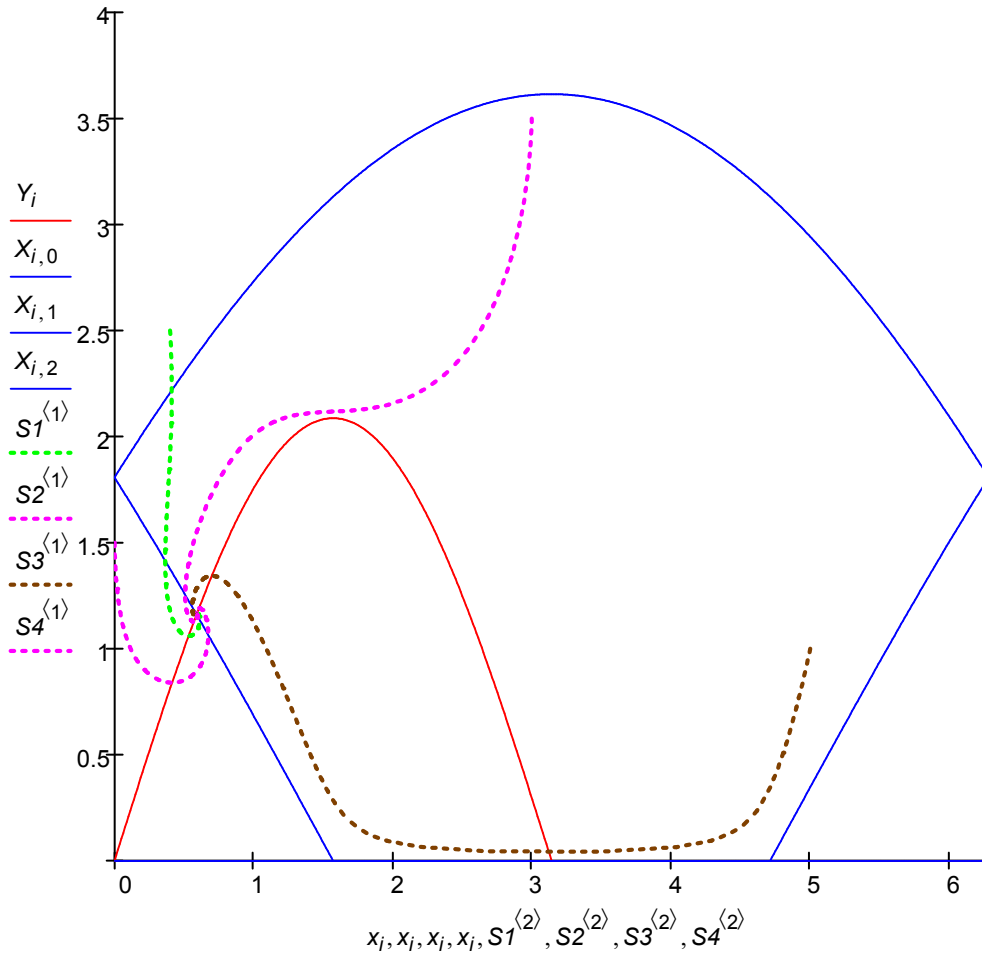
$$X := \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{for } i \in 0..n \\ \left| \begin{array}{l} Z \leftarrow \text{polyracines} \left( \left( -a_1 \cdot \cos(x_i) \quad \varepsilon \quad 0 \quad \frac{-3}{4} \cdot \beta_1 \right)^T \right) \\ \text{for } j \in 0..2 \\ X_{i,j} \leftarrow Z_j \cdot (Im(Z_j) = 0) \cdot (Re(Z_j) > 0) \end{array} \right. \\ X \end{array} \right]$$

$$v := \left( -A \quad \varepsilon^2 + h^2 \quad -2 \cdot \varepsilon \quad 1 \right)^T \quad Z := \text{polyracines}(v) \quad y_s := \sqrt{\frac{4 \cdot Z}{3 \cdot \beta_1}} \quad x_s := \arccos \left[ \frac{1}{a_1} \cdot \left( \varepsilon \cdot y_s - \frac{3}{4} \cdot \beta_1 \cdot y_s^3 \right) \right]$$

$$\frac{Z}{h} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.238 \\ 1.613 - 0.794i \\ 1.613 + 0.794i \end{pmatrix} \quad y_s = \begin{pmatrix} 1.161 \\ 3.106 - 0.723i \\ 3.106 + 0.723i \end{pmatrix} \quad x_s = \begin{pmatrix} 0.59 \\ 1.276 - 1.011i \\ 1.276 + 1.011i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Y0 := \begin{pmatrix} 2.5 \\ 0.4 \end{pmatrix} \quad D(t, Y) := \begin{bmatrix} \left( \frac{-h}{2} \cdot Y_0 + \frac{a_1}{2} \cdot \sin(Y_1) \right) \lambda \\ \lambda \cdot \left[ \frac{-\varepsilon}{2} + \frac{3}{8} \cdot \beta_1 \cdot (Y_0)^2 + \frac{a_1}{2 \cdot Y_0} \cdot \cos(Y_1) \right] \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_f &:= 4000 & S1 &:= rkfixe(Y0, 0, t_f, n, D) & S1^{(2)} &:= mod(S1^{(2)}, 2 \cdot \pi) \\
 Y0 &:= \begin{pmatrix} 1.5 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} & S2 &:= rkfixe(Y0, 0, t_f, n, D) & S2^{(2)} &:= mod(S2^{(2)}, 2 \cdot \pi) \\
 Y0 &:= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} & S3 &:= rkfixe(Y0, 0, t_f, n, D) & S3^{(2)} &:= mod(S3^{(2)}, 2 \cdot \pi) \\
 Y0 &:= \begin{pmatrix} 3.5 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} & S4 &:= rkfixe(Y0, 0, t_f, n, D) & S4^{(2)} &:= mod(S4^{(2)}, 2 \cdot \pi)
 \end{aligned}$$



### Régimes transitoires structurellement instables

Excitation harmonique

$$A := 1 \cdot A_c$$

$$A = 0.015$$

$$\varepsilon := \sqrt{3} \cdot h$$

$$\varepsilon = 0.368$$

$$a_1 := \sqrt{\frac{4 \cdot A}{3 \cdot \beta_1}}$$

$$F_{harm} := a_1 \cdot (\lambda \cdot J \cdot \omega_0^2) \quad F_{harm} = 9.322 \times 10^{-6} \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$$

$$\sqrt{3} = 1.732$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Y_i &:= \frac{a_1}{h} \cdot \sin(x_i) \cdot (0 < x_i < \pi) \\
 X &:= \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{for } i \in 0..n \\ \left| \begin{array}{l} Z \leftarrow \text{polyracines} \left( \left( -a_1 \cdot \cos(x_i) \quad \varepsilon \quad 0 \quad \frac{-3}{4} \cdot \beta_1 \right)^T \right) \\ \text{for } j \in 0..2 \\ X_{i,j} \leftarrow Z_j \cdot (Im(Z_j) = 0) \cdot (Re(Z_j) > 0) \end{array} \right. \\ X \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$v := \begin{pmatrix} -A & \varepsilon^2 + h^2 & -2 \cdot \varepsilon & 1 \end{pmatrix}^T \quad Z := \text{polyracines}(v) \quad y_s := \sqrt{\frac{4 \cdot Z}{3 \cdot \beta_1}} \quad x_s := \arccos \left[ \frac{1}{a_1} \cdot \left( \varepsilon \cdot y_s - \frac{3}{4} \cdot \beta_1 \cdot y_s^3 \right) \right]$$

$$\frac{Z}{h} = \begin{pmatrix} 1.155 \\ 1.155 \\ 1.155 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$y_s = \begin{pmatrix} 2.556 \\ 2.556 \\ 2.556 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x_s = \begin{pmatrix} 1.047 \\ 1.047 \\ 1.047 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x_{min} := \arccos \left( \frac{4}{9} \cdot \frac{\varepsilon}{a_1} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\varepsilon}{\beta_1}} \right)$$

$$x_{max} := 2 \cdot \pi - x_{min}$$

$$x_{min} = 0.785 \quad x_{max} = 5.498$$

$$Y0 := \begin{pmatrix} 2.5 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad D(t, Y) := \begin{bmatrix} \left( \frac{-h}{2} \cdot Y_0 + \frac{a_1}{2} \cdot \sin(Y_1) \right) \lambda \\ \lambda \cdot \left[ \frac{-\varepsilon}{2} + \frac{3}{8} \cdot \beta_1 \cdot (Y_0)^2 + \frac{a_1}{2 \cdot Y_0} \cdot \cos(Y_1) \right] \end{bmatrix}$$

$$t_f := 4000 \quad S1 := \text{rkfixe}(Y0, 0, t_f, n, D) \quad S1^{(2)} := \text{mod}(S1^{(2)}, 2 \cdot \pi)$$

$$Y0 := \begin{pmatrix} 1.5 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad S2 := \text{rkfixe}(Y0, 0, t_f, n, D) \quad S2^{(2)} := \text{mod}(S2^{(2)}, 2 \cdot \pi)$$

$$Y0 := \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} \quad S3 := \text{rkfixe}(Y0, 0, t_f, n, D) \quad S3^{(2)} := \text{mod}(S3^{(2)}, 2 \cdot \pi)$$

$$Y0 := \begin{pmatrix} 3.5 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad S4 := \text{rkfixe}(Y0, 0, t_f, n, D) \quad S4^{(2)} := \text{mod}(S4^{(2)}, 2 \cdot \pi)$$

